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 ISOLCELL ITALIA SPA *EP -363-553-A
 30.09.88-IT-022129 (18.04.90) A23b-07/14 A23i-03/34
 B65d-88/74
Controlling atmos. of stored fruit, flowers and vegetables - where appts. supplies nitrogen-oxygen mixt. in selected amts. to regulate carbon di:oxide prodn.
 C90-051444 R(AT BE CH DE ES FR GB GR LI LU NL SE)

A container is constantly kept at an overpressure by supplying N_2 - O_2 mixt. generated in selected quantities according to the prod. stored in the container and so regulates the CO_2 produced by the prod.

The mixt. is generated by appts. having in series an air compressor, air filters, molecular separator, mixt. regulator, mixt. receiver with manostat and a max. power regulator and flux regulator in parallel.

Appts. is also claimed.

USE/ADVANTAGE

For generating a controlled atmos. in ships' containers and holds storing fruit, vegetables and flowers.

Problems of maintaining a seal on container or hold are avoided. The process is adaptable to a wide range of ambient temps. Varying flux and compsn. of mixt. in conjunction with inherent leakage of container or hold enables

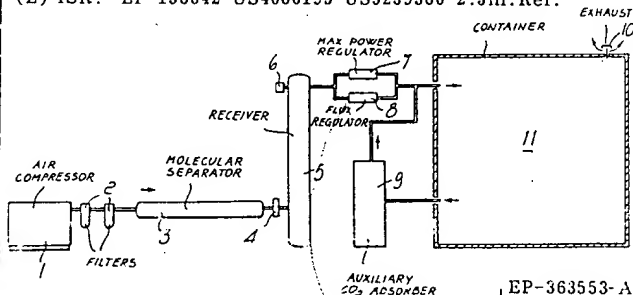
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excess CO_2 to be purged.

EMBODIMENT

Max quantity of mixt. supplied at start to reduce O_2 contents from 21% to 3-5% in a few hrs. The supply is then reduced to match the leakage rate and the CO_2 produced by hold contents 'breathing'. Overpressure of 2-3 mm water is maintained. (5pp1995DAHDwgNo1/1)

(E) ISR:- EP-136042 US4606195 US3239360 2.Jnl.Ref.



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EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

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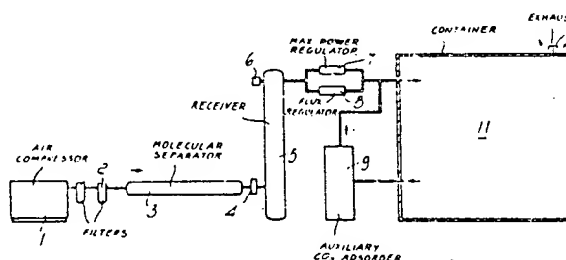
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Method and apparatus for generating a controlled atmosphere, particularly in containers and ships' holds for storing flowers, fruits and vegetables.

A container is constantly kept at an overpressure by supplying a nitrogen-oxygen mixture generated in selected quantities, according to the stored product, by means of an apparatus that includes an air compressor (1); air filters (2); a molecular separator (3); a N₂-O₂ mixture regulator (4); a receiver (5) having a manostat (6); a maximum power regulator (7), for setting the container into working conditions; a flux regulator (8) connected to said maximum power regulator (7) in parallel, for maintaining the working overpressure and for regulating the CO₂ generated by the product; an exhaust (10) of the overpressures.



EP 0 363 553 A1

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR GENERATING A CONTROLLED ATMOSPHERE, PARTICULARLY IN CONTAINERS AND SHIPS' HOLDS FOR STORING FLOWERS, FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

The present invention relates to a method and apparatus for generating a controlled atmosphere in ships' containers and holds, particularly for storing flowers, fruits and vegetables.

It is known to use a controlled atmosphere for storing fruits, vegetables and flowers in the best conditions for a long time in cold stores. A controlled atmosphere is generated having between 1 and 5 % of O₂ and between 0.5 and 10 % of CO₂, according to the species and variety, and temperature and relative humidity of the cells are controlled.

The oxygen rate is lowered by using nitrogen catalytic combustion or flame generators or molecular separators.

The cell must be sealed and it has to comply with very stringent pressure tests. Only leaks lower than a set value of mc/h/mq are acceptable to keep the O₂, CO₂, and N₂ percentages to the selected values for each item.

Closed cycle CO₂ absorbers are employed to control the CO₂ content, by absorbing the exceeding CO₂ generated by the metabolism of the items.

The absorbers suck air from the cell, absorb part of the CO₂ and deliver back air having a reduced amount of CO₂.

The fruit consumes O₂ and generates CO₂ lowering the amount of O₂ to almost zero thus starting fermentative processes which make the items useless.

To obviate this inconvenience, air is delivered to restore the optimum amount of O₂ needed. An adapted refrigerating assembly maintains temperature and relative humidity at the selected values.

This known refrigeration process works at normal atmospheric pressure and is monitored by qualified personell.

This type of system cannot be used in containers and ships for the following reasons:

1) It is difficult to seal containers and ships' holds; maintenance, sealing by non-qualified personell, vibrations during shipping, the changing of external ambient conditions (from -10° to +50°), spoil the original seal and in time leaks are such as to make it impossible to maintain a controlled atmosphere.

2) The container is moved on trucks, ships, trains or other vectors, by personell not qualified in controlling the atmosphere of the containers.

The aim of the present invention is to obviate to the above problems, that prevent the known technology from being used in containers and ships, by creating a new method and apparatus that allow to maintain the selected controlled at-

mosphere in containers and ships for storing and shipping fruits and vegetables even in case of conspicuous leaks.

A further aim of the invention is that of eliminating the CO₂ produced by the goods and at the same time maintaining the selected values of O₂ and CO₂.

The above aims are achieved by a method and an apparatus as described respectively in claims 1 to 6 and 7 to 8.

The containers or holds are kept in constant overpressure by supplying a nitrogen and oxygen mixture with selected percentages, and it is thus possible to set the rate of O₂ and CO₂ at optimum values, by simply varying the flux of the nitrogen-oxygen mixture, without supplying CO₂ and using that mixture as washing fluid of the exceeding CO₂ produced by the goods.

Such washing action is allowed by the inevitable air leaks of containers and holds; those leaks are turned from an undesired circumstance into a useful factor by the method according to the invention.

Advantageously, to generate the nitrogen-oxygen mixture, a molecular separator is employed, e.g. of the hollow fiber type.

That allows to obtain the nitrogen, required by the method according to the invention, in a limited space and using as power supply just the electric energy needed for compressing air, without any combustion process.

Further characteristics and advantages of the invention will be apparent by the following description of an example of embodiment of the invention, illustrated in the enclosed drawing showing the operation diagram of an apparatus for working the process.

A molecular separator generates a nitrogen-oxygen mixture at selected percentages according to the shipped product.

The mixture is supplied to the container or hold in variable quantities. The maximum quantity is supplied at the beginning while setting the apparatus at working conditions, the oxygen is reduced from 21% to 3-5% in few hours.

Subsequently, the mixture supply is reduced according to the actual leak rate of the container, or hold, and to the CO₂ generated by the product (which depends on the specific "breathing" intensity of the product).

In this manner the container is constantly kept at a slight overpressure (ca. 2-3 mm water column), preventing O₂ from entering from outside. Moreover, it is possible to keep the selected values of

O₂ and CO₂, by simply varying the mixture flux supplied to the container, or hold, and by keeping it at a slight overpressure.

It is to be noted that, as already mentioned, according to the present method there is no supply of CO₂, the amount of CO₂ produced by the stored product being regulated by washing with the mixture generated by the system.

In case there is so much CO₂ produced that the maximum supply of the separator is not sufficient to maintain the optimum percentage of it, the exceeding amount of CO₂, which cannot be eliminated by the flux generated by the separator, is purified by means of a CO₂ absorber of adequate capacity.

The one figure included illustrates an apparatus for carrying out the method according to the present invention. The apparatus comprises the following devices, connected in series: an air compressor 1; air filters 2; a molecular separator 3; an N₂ + O₂ mixture regulator 4; a receiver 5; a manostat 6; a maximum power regulator 7, for setting the apparatus at working conditions; a flux regulator 8, connected in parallel to the maximum power regulator 7, for maintaining the working overpressure and for regulating the CO₂ generated by the product; and an exhaust 10 of the overpressures.

It is also provided an auxiliary CO₂ absorber 9 connected between the container, or hold, 11 and the outlet of regulators 7,8, for absorbing the exceeding amount of CO₂, in case the stored product has a high metabolism.

The method and the apparatus according to the present invention may have numerous modifications and variations, all within the inventive concept; furthermore, all the details may be substituted with technically equivalent elements.

The materials employed, as well as the dimensions, may be any according to the specific needs and the state of the art.

Where technical features mentioned in any claim are followed by reference signs, those reference signs have been included for the sole purpose of increasing the intelligibility of the claims and accordingly, such reference signs do not have any limiting effect on the scope of each element identified by way of example by such reference signs

Claims

1. Method for generating and maintaining a controlled atmosphere, particularly in containers and ships' holds, for transporting and storing flowers, fruits and vegetables, characterized in that a container is constantly kept at an overpressure by supplying a nitrogen-oxygen mixture generated in

selected quantities according to the product contained in said container.

2. Method, according to claim 1, characterized in that the nitrogen-oxygen mixture of selected quantities is generated by a molecular separator.

3. Method, according to claim 1 or 2 characterized in that the nitrogen-oxygen mixture is supplied to the container in variable quantities, a maximum quantity being supplied at the beginning while setting the working conditions, for reducing the oxygen rate from 21% to 3-5%, subsequently said mixture supplied quantity being reduced according to the actual leak rate of said container and to the CO₂ generated by the product depending from its specific breathing intensity.

4. Method, according to one or more of the preceding claims, characterized in that said constantly maintained working overpressure is of about 2 - 3 mm of water column.

5. Method, according to one or more of the preceding claims, characterized in that the optimum selected amounts of O₂ and CO₂ are maintained by simply varying the flux of said nitrogen-oxygen mixture supplied to said container and kept at a slight overpressure.

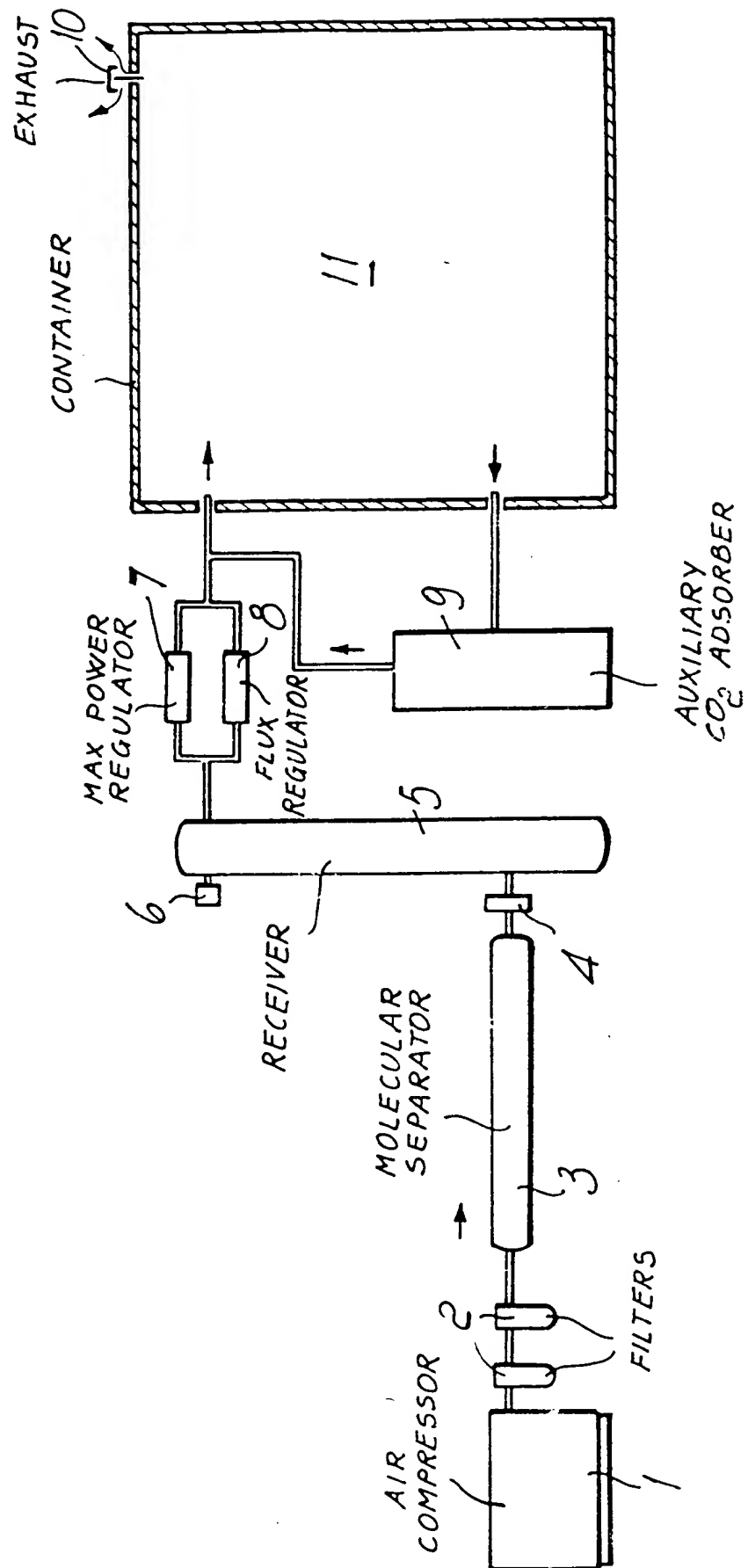
6. Method, according to one or more of the preceding claims, characterized in that in case said stored product generates an amount of CO₂ greater than a selected value depending on said product and such that said supplied mixture is not sufficient to reduce and maintain said selected value, the exceeding amount of CO₂ is absorbed by a CO₂ absorber.

7. Apparatus, for carrying out the method of claim 1 characterized in that it comprises connected in series: an air compressor (1); air filters (2); a molecular separator (3); a N₂-O₂ mixture regulator (4); a receiver (5) having a manostat (6); a maximum power regulator (7), for setting said container into working conditions; a flux regulator (8) connected to said maximum power regulator (7) in parallel, for maintaining the working overpressure and for regulating the CO₂ generated by the product; an exhaust (10) of the overpressures

8. Apparatus, according to claim 7, characterized in that it comprises an auxiliary CO₂ absorber (9) connected between said container (11) and said regulators (7,8) outlet.

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European Patent
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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 89 10 1304

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl.5)
X	SOMMAIRE, vol. 19, no. 239, February 1966, pages 47-52; no. 240, March 1966, pages 29-35; CH. FONTANEL: "Stockage de fruits en atmosphère contrôlée" * No. 239, page 52, left-hand column, line 29 - right-hand column, line 11; figure 5 *	1	B 65 D 88/74 A 23 B 7/148 A 23 L 3/34
A	IDEM * No. 240, page 31, right-hand column, line 36 - page 32, left-hand column - end *	2,4-8	
X	EP-A-0 136 042 (THE SHIPPING CORP. OF NEW ZEALAND LTD) * Page 2, line 17 - page 3, line 9 *	1	
A	US-A-4 606 195 (WINKLER) * Column 3, lines 41-51 *	1,4,5	
X	US-A-3 239 360 (DIXON) * Claim 1 *	1,3	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl.5) B 65 D A 23 B A 23 L
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 05-01-1990	Examiner BEERNAERT J.E.
<div>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</div> <div>X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document</div> <div>T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons ----- & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document</div>			